













ScaRaB-3 on the Megha-Tropiques mission

A quick introduction



Rémy Roca and the MT Mission group



Successfully launched October 12th 2011!



















Outline of the presentation



The Megha-Tropiques mission

The ScaRaB-3 instrument on board Megha-Tropiques

The instrument and the sampling
Main science objectives (including instrumental synergy)

What's up since me met in Paris?

Celebrated 25 years of ScaRaB
Monthly mean considerations using GERB
Unfiltering
Coincidence campaign
Geo and cloud from geo
Exploring science activities

The products that are anticipated

L1'
L2,L2b
L4
MTTM etc...
Production Status at ICARE

Plans for short term futur

The Megha-Tropiques mission Overview



Indo-french mission realized by

The Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO) and the

Centre National d'Etudes Spatiales (CNES)

Megha means cloud in sanskrit and tropiques means tropics in french

Dedicated to the

Water and energy cycle in the Tropics

Low inclination on the equator (20°);

867 km height

High repetitivity of the measurements

WEB site http://megha-tropiques.ipsl.polytechnique.fr

The Megha-Tropiques mission





+ the ring of the 5 GEO satellites

Courtesy CNES

ISRO-CNES

The Megha-Tropiques mission Scientific objectives



Atmospheric energy budget in the intertropical zone and at system scale (radiation, latent heat, ...)

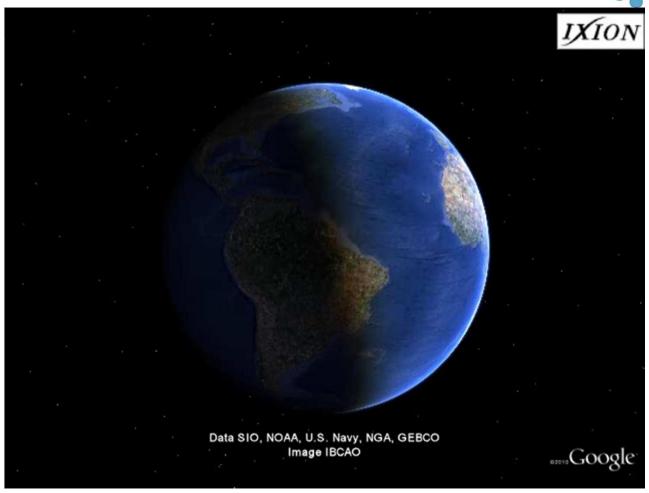
Life cycle of Mesoscale Convective Complexes in the Tropics (over Oceans and Continents)

Monitoring and assimilation for Cyclones, Monsoons, Mesoscale Convective Systems forecasting. NRT Activities

Hydrometeorology, flood analysis/forecasting

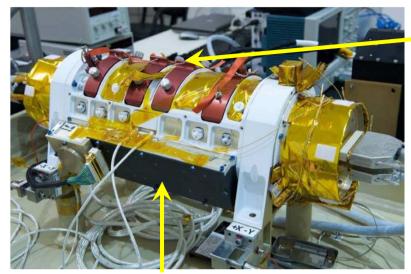
The Megha-Tropiques mission An equatorial orbit





Courtesy M. Capderou & K. Ramage

The ScaRaB instrument



Calibration module

22 kg, 52 cm width, 40 watts 4 telescopes (in red)

ts megha-tropiques

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- 2 main channels (# 2 & 3, broad band)
- 2 auxiliary channels (# 1 & 4 narrow band)
- Cross track scanning (2300 km swath)
- 40 km resolution at nadir

<u>ScaRaB goal</u>: To determine the longwave and shortwave outgoing fluxes observations at the TOA.

Presentations
To follow from
Nadia Karouche
and Alain Rosak

Channel	Description	Spectral Interval	Filter
1	VIS (visible)	0.55 – 0.65 μm	Interferential
2	SW (or solar)	0.2 – 4 μm	Silice filter
3	T (total)	0.2 – 100 μm	No filter
4	IR (Infrared)	10.5 – 12.5 μm	Interferential

 $L_{LW (daytime)} = L_{TOTAL} - A' \times L_{SW}$

A' depends on the spectral response of T and SW channels

What 's up since we met in Paris 21580-CNES



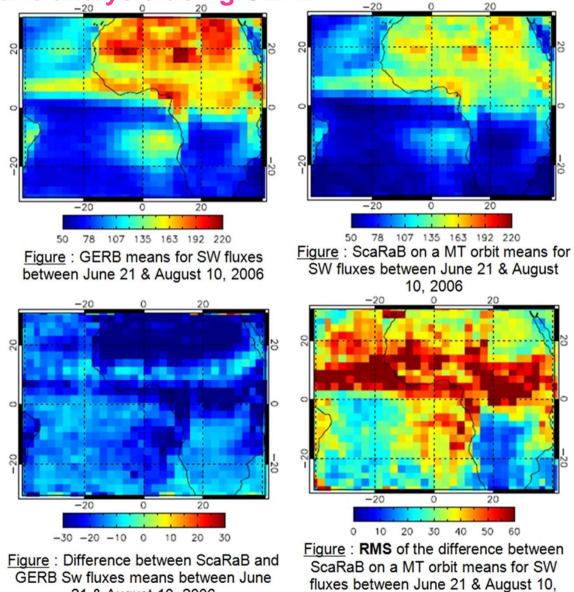
Workshop CERES/GERB/SCARAB Paris, Septembre 2010





Monthly means analysis using GERB

21 & August 10, 2006



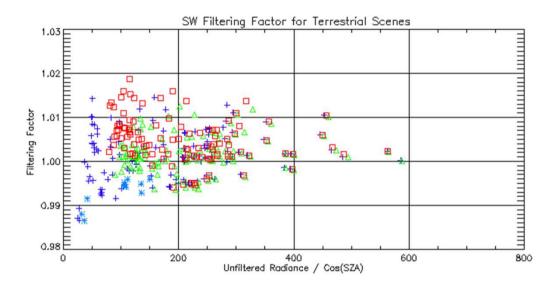
2006

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megha-tropiques

Unfiltering of the radiances





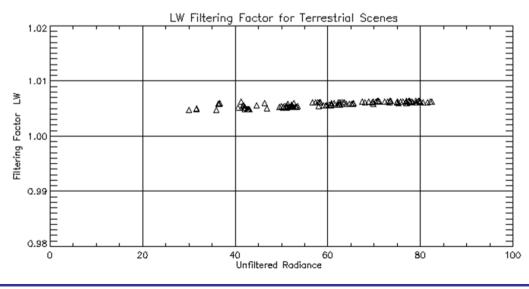
Blue star : clear ocean

Blue cross:cloudy ocean

Green: vegetation

Red: desert and cloud

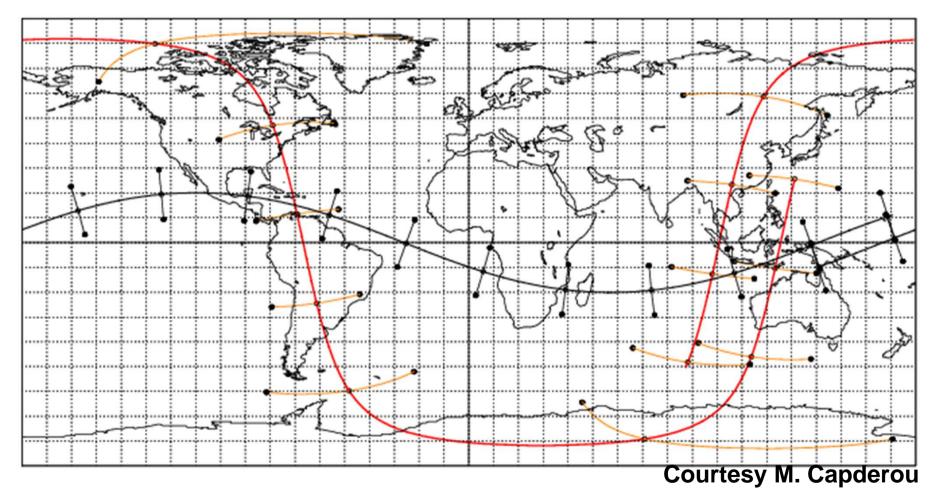
~1% for ocean



Courtesy of Patrick Raberanto

Coincidence campaign using CERES and the PAPS mode



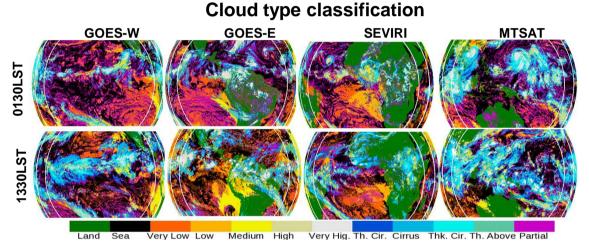


Details and first results in the presentation of Olivier later on this morning

Cloud maks and properties from GEO: validation with CALIOP megha-tropiques

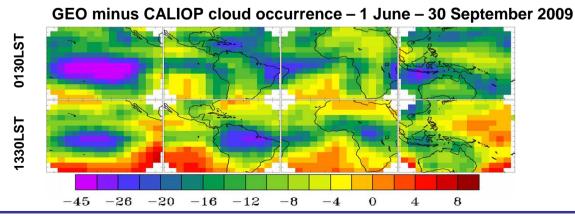
• The elaboration of coherent cloud mask, cloud type classification and cloud top pressure maps with a high spatial and temporal resolution in the tropics using geostationary satellite data (GOES-E, GOES-W, MTSAT and SEVIRI/Meteosat) and the SAFNWC algorithm.

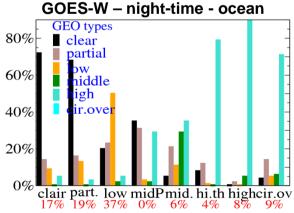
• An evaluation of these clouds fields: comparison of cloud cover, cloud cover types and cloud top pressure with CALIOP lidar data. Use of mean and instantaneous statistics (G. Sèze et al., to submit to QJRMS)



Geneviève Sèze et al.

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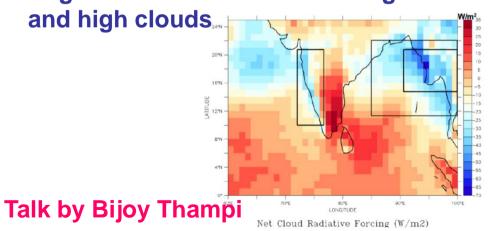
Exploring some scientific questions using CERES!



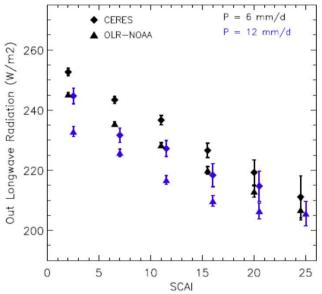




Negative Cloud radiative forcing



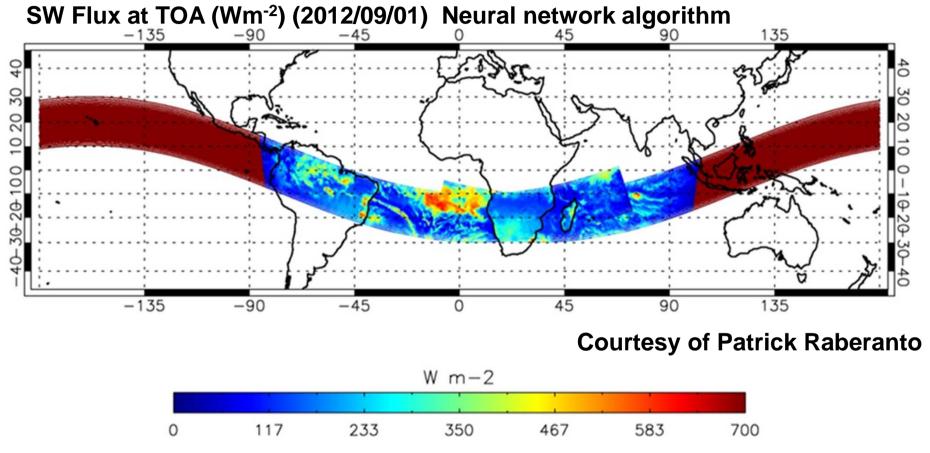
Agregation of convection and OLR



Tobin, Bony and Roca, J Clim, 2012 this issue

Level 2: Flux at the TOA



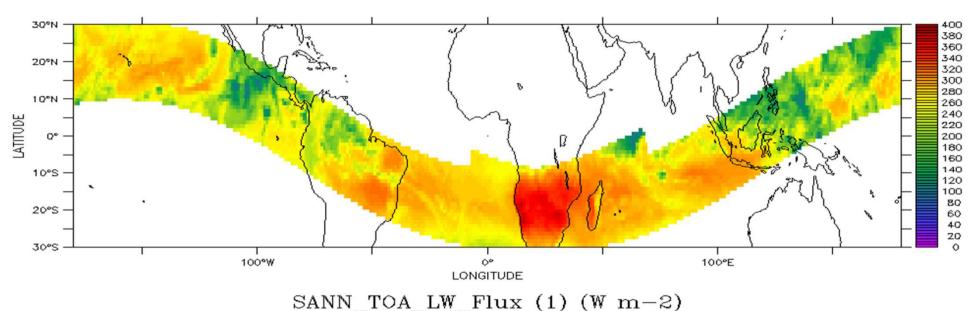


Viollier, M., C. Standfuss, O. Chomette, and A. Quesney (2009), Top-of-Atmosphere Radiance-to-Flux conversion in the SW domain for the ScaRaB-3 instrument on Megha-Tropiques. J. Atmos. Oceanic Technol., 26, 2161-2171.

Level 2b: Flux at the TOA



LW Flux at TOA (Wm⁻²) 1°x1° (2012/09/01) Neural network algorithm



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Production Status at ICARE



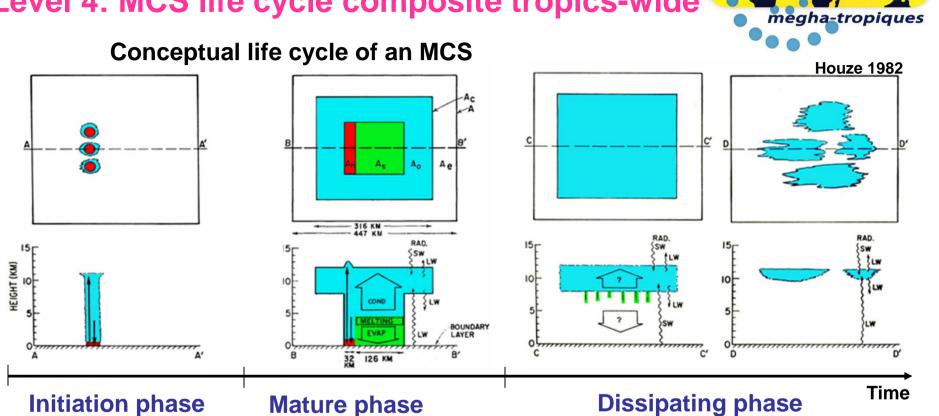
French DAY 1 MT STATUS	Algorithm Name	Instrument	Scientific code Oper. code	Data production				
Level 2 (instantaneous) includes the unfilered L1								
TOA radiative products								
SW and LW fluxes, Unfiltered radiances, Albedo	SEL	ScaRaB						
SW and LW fluxes, Unfiltered radiances, Albedo	SANN	ScaRaB						
SW and LW fluxes, Albedo 1°x1°	SANN	ScaRaB						
Level 4 (composite)								
MCS composite								
Composite live cycle of MCS (radiation)	LMD_LTHE-SANN	SANN-SCARAB+GEO*						

* all available plateforms

Courtesy of Sophie Cloché and the ICARE Bureau

More info at http://www.icare.univ-lille1.fr/mt/

Level 4: MCS life cycle composite tropics-wide



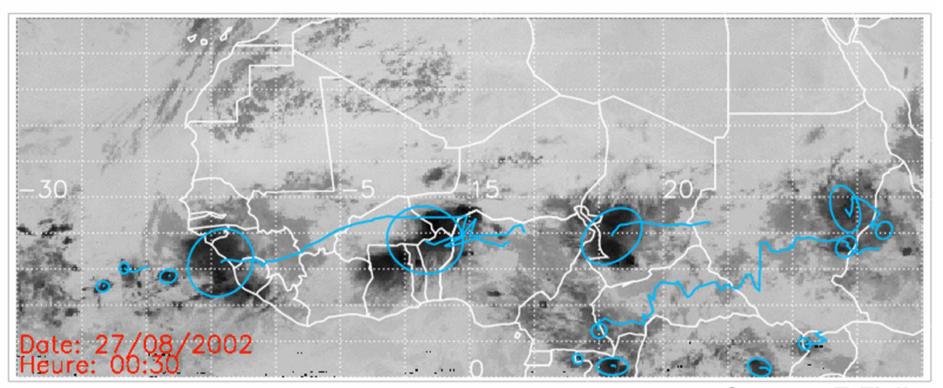
Revisit this model

Put numbers on the duration and the MCS properties along time Object oriented approach no more static but including the storm dynamics

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Level 4: MCS life cycle composite tropics-wide



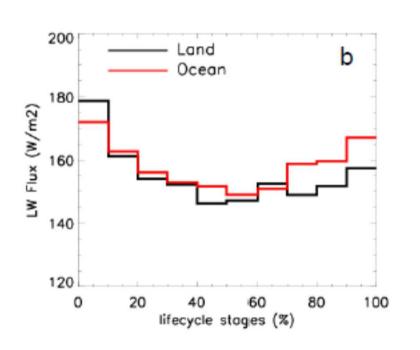


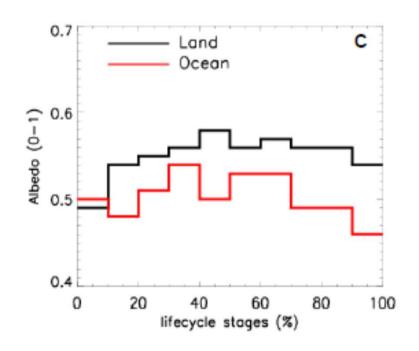
Courtesy T. Fiolleau

Level 4: MCS life cycle composite tropics-wide



Synthetic data using GERB and the MT sampling METEOSAT area for JJAS 2009





Not enough sampling of oceanic storms in this case

Courtesy T. Fiolleau et al

Short term plan for the futur



ISRO-CNES

Short term plan for the futur



Finalize the comparison with CERES PAPS data
Start the comparison with GERB data
Publish ATBDs and references (technical memorandum/ papers)
Monitor the status at http://megha-tropiques.ipsl.polytechnique.fr

Data (L1) release beyond the International Science team : early 2013 Products (L2+) release beyond International Science team : ASAP Monitor the status at http://www.icare.univ-lille1.fr/mt

Indo-french (closed) workshop in mid-december in Bangalore, India International Megha-Tropiques conference 2nd semester 2013 (tbc)

Thanks for your attention!